



On 8 August 1967, five leaders – the Foreign Ministers of Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand established the original Association of Southeast Asian Nations in Bangkok. The Association was initially created in an attempt to reject the growing fear of communism, but after the Cold War its role has expanded. Currently, the ASEAN is a regional intergovernmental body comprised of ten member states and two observer nations who aim to promote intergovernmental cooperation and facilitate economic, political, security, military, educational and socio-cultural integration amongst members and Asian states.

ASEAN is a committee suited for experienced delegates, but is open to delegates of all experience levels wishing to challenge their capacity as delegates. Position papers are strongly recommended for this committee.